PREPARING FOR THE OATH U.S. HISTORY AND CIVICS FOR CITIZENSHIP

Government Basics

Key Vocabulary–Government Basics

break laws: to not follow the law capitalism: an economic system where most things are privately owned capitalist: a person, group, or nation that believes in or practices capitalism case: a question or an argument that is decided in the court system citizen: a person who legally belongs to a country and has the rights and protection of that country constitutional: when something is allowed because it is in the U.S. Constitution. create: to make something new debate: to discuss an issue in order to make a decision declare war: to formally announce that there will be a war enforce: to make people follow laws equal: to be the same federal: part of the central U.S. government, not state or local governments powerful: having a lot of power or control protect: to keep something or someone safe represent: to make decisions for another person or group of people representatives: elected members of a government group in the United States, such as in Congress right: something you are morally or legally allowed to do self-government: a government where the people make the laws separate: to keep something or someone apart treaties: formal written agreements between two or more countries unconstitutional: not allowed by the U.S. Constitution zoning: laws that say that land can only be used for a certain purpose, like building houses

Directions: As you watch the video, write down the answers to the questions below. Eventually you'll		
have your answers for all 100 civics questions.		
Constitution: Purpose		
What does the Constitution do? USCIS #2		
Constitution: Supreme Law		
What is the supreme law of the land? USCIS #1		
Constitution: First Three Words		
The idea of self-government is in the first three words of the Constitution. What are these words? USCIS		
#3		
Rule of Law		
What is the "rule of law"? USCIS #12		
Demahas of Covernment		
Branches of Government Name one branch or part of the government. USCIS #13		

Checks and Balances		
What stops one branch of government from becoming too powerful? USCIS #14		
Powers of the Federal Government		
Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the federal government. What is one power of the		
federal government? USCIS #41		
Powers of the State Governments		
Under our Constitution, some powers belong to the states. What is one power of the states? USCIS #42		
Your Governor Today		
Who is the Governor of your state now? USCIS #43		
Capitalism		
What is the economic system in the United States? USCIS #11		

Finish This Sentence–Government Basics	IMPORTANT REMINDER:	
Finish each sentence with information you learned in this video. Discuss your answers with your class.	Visit http://www.nga.org/cms/governors/bios right before your naturalization interview for current information on your state's governor.	
Example: The Constitution sets up the government and protects basic rights of Americans.		
1. The three branches of government are		
2. In the United States, the economic system is		
3. Some state powers are to		
4. The first three words of the Constitution are		
5. The "rule of law" means		
6. The name of the governor of my state is		
 The supreme law of the land is 		
8. Some federal government powers are to		
9. One branch of government cannot become too powerful because of		
GOVERNMENT BASICS Visit http://americanhistory.si.edu/citizenship/index.html?theme=1 to go directly to the Government Basics theme.		